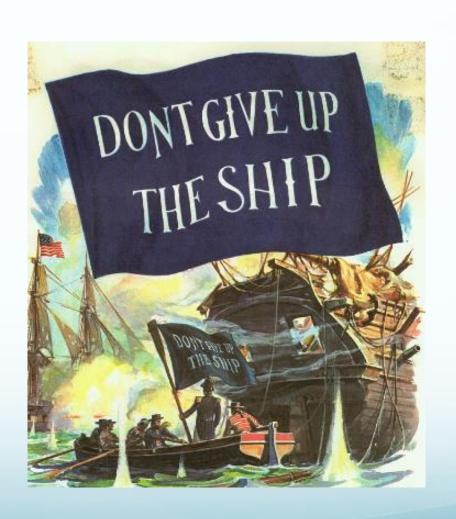


Presents

3rd "The Battle for Lake Erie"

First Battle for Lake Erie September 10, 1813



Second Battle for Lake Erie

1950s-60s: Citizen outrage builds as sewage and industrial waste

create massive "dead zones"

Rectangular Snip





1969: Cuyahoga River catches fire again



1970-72: Landmark Legislation







Third Battle for Lake Erie



DANGER

AVOID ALL CONTACT WITH THE WATER

ALGAL TOXINS AT UNSAFE LEVELS
HAVE BEEN DETECTED

FOR MORE INFORMATION GO TO: WWW.OHIOALGAEINFO.COM OR CALL 1-866-644-6224

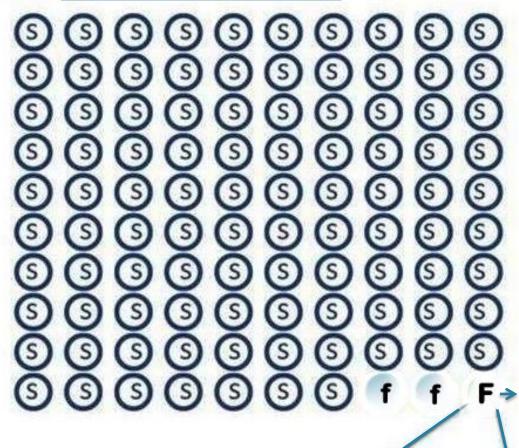


Clean Water is a Right



All Earth's Water in 100 Glasses

97 are saltwater

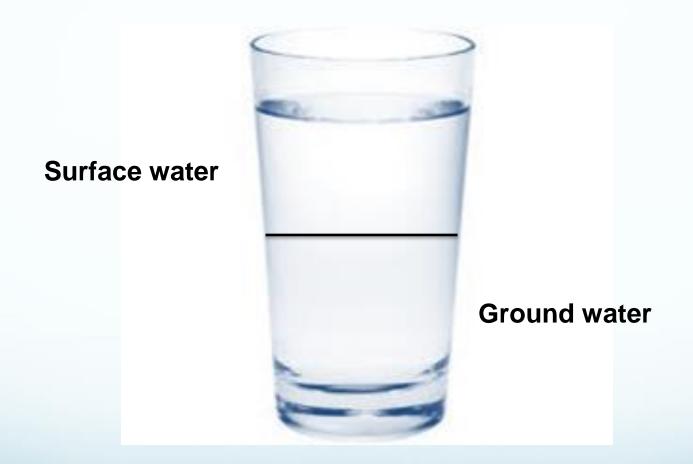


1 usable glass of fresh H2O

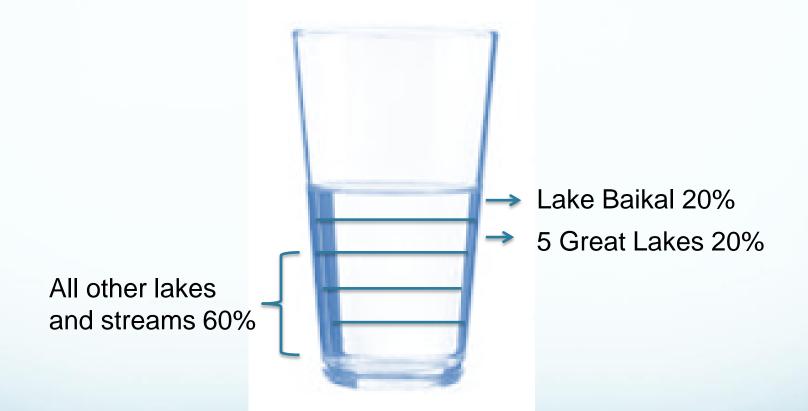
Surface Water

Ground Water

All Earth's usable fresh water



All Earth's usable, fresh, surface water



and Lake Erie's share of usable fresh surface water...

19 Precious Drops



...and here's what we're doing with them!



Lake Erie's 19 Precious Drops

- Home to more than 1,500 species of plants and animals
- Prime migratory bird route



- Drinking water for over 13 million people
- Economic resource for multiple states and Ontario

Source: Ohio Environmental Council

5+ Years After Toledo's Water Crisis some are still looking for solutions!

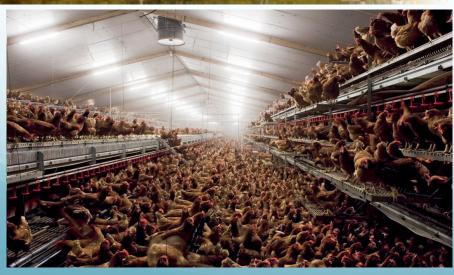


Maumee River Watershed: 775 Animal Factories

Over twice the waste of Los Angeles and Chicago combined



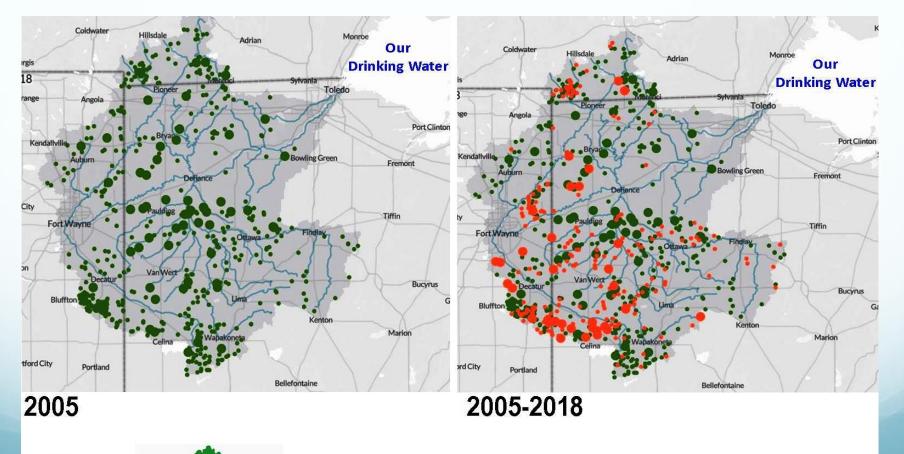






Animal Factories Exploding in Maumee Watershed.

- > 775 Facilities. Animals increased from 9 to 20 million.
- > These Factories Now Responsible for 69% of Phosphorus.
- > Phosphorus from commercial fertilizer went down.
- Over twice the waste of Chicago and L.A. combined

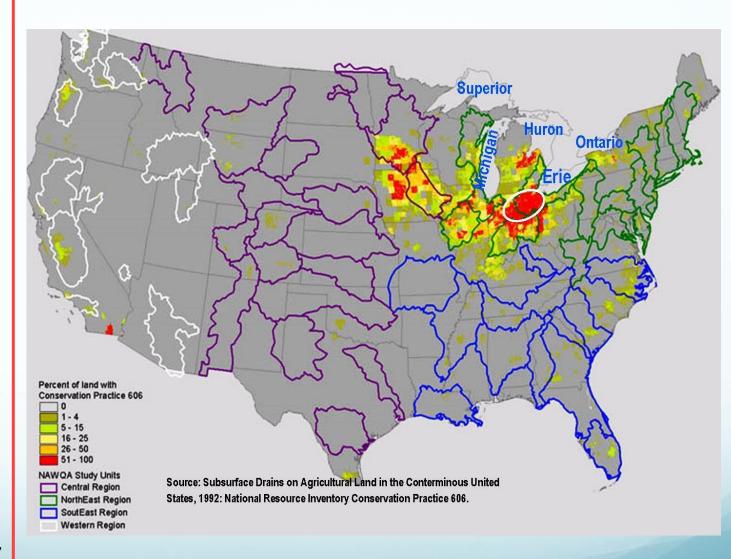


Of all the Great Lakes Erie is:

- Shallowest
- Most southerly
- Warmest
- Highest concentration of drain tiles
- Perfect Storm for H.A.B.s (harmful algal blooms)
- Nation's 2nd

 largest, free
 public toilet for
 CAFOs

Subsurface Drainage



The Lake Belongs to Everyone...

- No Person or Corporation has the right to impair our water
- Animal Factory owners <u>shift costs onto the public:</u>
 - Toledo Water Customers pay \$6 million/year more to treat drinking water since the 2014 water emergency. \$50 million for ozonation
 - Existing Businesses Suffer: lake tourism, charter fishing, restaurants, factories...any business that uses water.
 - New Jobs Go Elsewhere
 - Quality of Life is Reduced directly for everyone who uses Lake Erie to fish, boat, swim, or sightsee.

...But It's Not Healthy

- Water Crisis of 2014 left 400,000+ citizens without drinking water for 2.5 days
- Harmful "Algal" Blooms (actually cyanobacteria) elevate toxins in drinking water
- Record "Algal" Cover in 2015 300 square miles



And Green is not good in this case

- Overabundance of nutrients, primarily Soluble/Reactive Phosphorus, feed the microcystis bacteria, creating microcystin toxins
- Pollution/nutrients come from "point sources" like factories, sewage treatment and food processing plants and CAFOs, plus "non-point sources" like corn and soybean fields, golf courses, lawns, faulty septic tanks
- 88% of excess nutrients in W. Lake Erie Basin from agriculture,* about 50% of that via subsurface drainage.**

^{*} OEPA: Nutrient Mass Balance Study for Ohio's Major Rivers

^{** &}lt;u>USDA and Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences: Phosphorus losses from monitored fields</u> with conservation practices in the Lake Erie Basin

Animal Factories Put Our Health At Risk

- Air and water contaminants: Feces, urine, viruses, antibioticresistant E. coli and salmonella, methane, ammonia, hydrogen sulfide,
- More Manure = More Phosphorus = More Microcystis (bacteria) = Microcystin (toxin) + BMAA beta-methyl-amino-L-alanine linked to ALS and Parkinson's
- Microcystin Exposure causes nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, fever
- Microcystin LR is a Liver Toxin
 - Haimen, China–30x greater liver cancer rate among fishermen who consumed microcystin-contaminated water, ducks and fish
 - Cararu, Brazil–101 dialysis patients developed liver failure after treatment with microcystin-contaminated water and 50 died
 - Documented deaths of wild and domestic animals after consuming water containing microcystin

How Toxic is Microcystin?



Toxin	Dosage Required to Kill 50% of Lab Rats
Dioxin	0.00001 mg/kg/d
Microcystin LR	0.000003 mg/kg/d (3 millionth mg)
PCBs	0.00002 mg/kg/d
Methylmercury	0.0001 mg/kg/d
DDT	0.0005 mg/kg/d
Cyanide	0.02 mg/kg/d
Chlorine	0.1 mg/kg/d

Source: OSU Stone Laboratory

Does Treatment to Rid Water of Microcystin Make Us Safer?

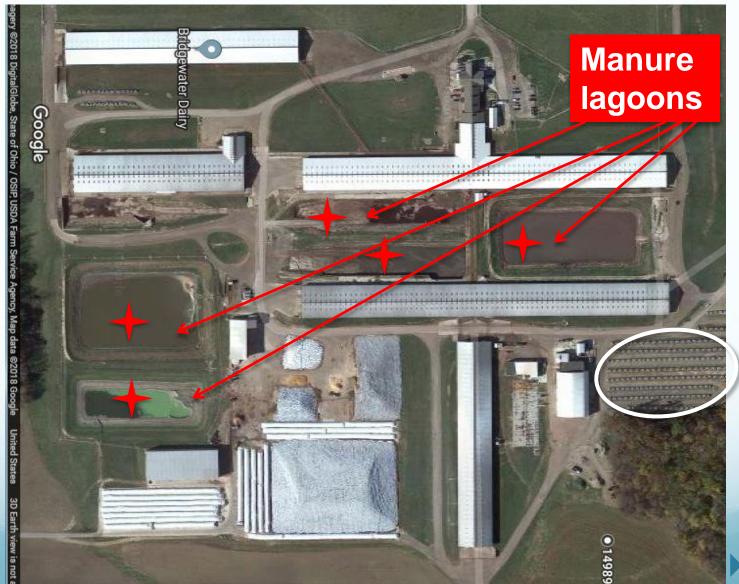
Treating water with Chlorine to reduce
 Microcystin produces carcinogens like
 Trihalomethanes. Reducing THMs adds
 significantly to water treatment costs -- \$50M
 for ozonation at Toledo Water Treatment Plant



Source: Water Research Center

Now let's follow the manure...

3,900 cows at Bridgewater Dairy in Williams County, generate more animal waste every year than <u>Perrysburg</u>, <u>Sylvania</u>, <u>Maumee</u>, <u>Defiance</u> and <u>Fremont</u>, combined.



...repeated field applications.



Photo: courtesy of ECCSCM

Excess P, N, e. coli, etc. through soil to underground drainage ...



Photo: courtesy of ECCSCM

...into streams that feed Lake Erie...



Photo courtesy ECCSCM

... causing annual cyanobacteria blooms.



Satellite view of Lake Erie showing algal bloom 2015

What We're Doing Doesn't Work

- Current voluntary "Best Management Practices" (BMPs) help control sediment, nitrates and TP (total phosphorus)
 - Examples: Buffer strips, grassed waterways, cover crops, no-till
- Best Management Practices do not control Dissolved Phosphorus
- Liquid manure + subsurface drainage systems increase DP flow to the lake



Buffer Strip

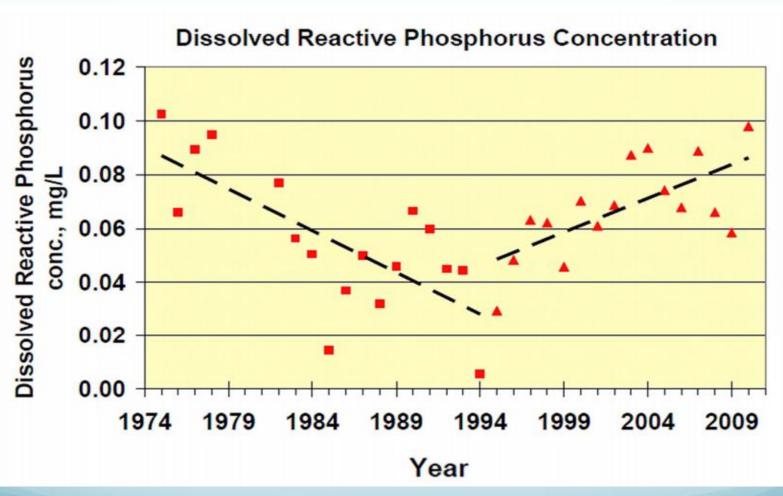
Photo: Mankato Free Press



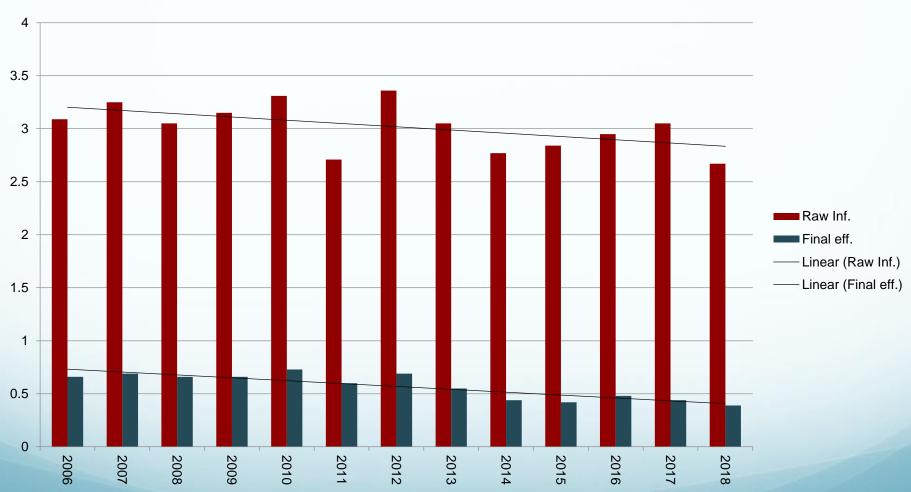
Grassed Waterway

Photo: Evrardo

And Here's the Proof:



Bay View Waste Water Treatment Plant Phosphorous: average raw and final effluent mg per liter 2006 - 2018



ACLE Recommends:

- **✓** Support the Lake Erie Bill of Rights
- Declare Western Lake Erie Basin impaired

 Supposed to begin a process under the Clean Water Act
 - Determine sources and amounts
 - Action plan based on Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs)
 - Mandatory reduction goals with report cards and deadlines
 - Accountability for meeting goals
 - No more Animal Factories
 - Sewage treatment plants for existing ones
 - Apply manure the same as fertilizer
 - Less \$ to BMPs, More \$ to Impaired process

The Chesapeake Bay Story

1983-2016

- 1983-2010: Three unsuccessful voluntary agreements over 27 years
- 2010: EPA implements Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs)
- 2011: American Farm Bureau, Pork Producers Council, National Chicken Council, National Builders Assn. sue EPA over TMDL Plan
- 2016: Supreme Court rejects Farm Bureau challenge to TMDL

The Good News Is... TMDLs are Working for the Bay!

- Over 400 acres of oyster reefs restored in six rivers
- Over \$2 billion in federal restoration funds 2015-16
- Nutrient load estimate for 2017: down 60% from 2009



Scientists: Chesapeake Bay hasn't been this healthy in 33 years
June 15, 2018

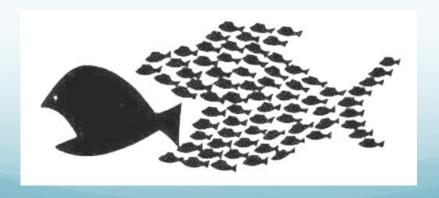
This is a Political Fight

- Karl Gebhardt, Ohio EPA's former Deputy Chief worked 19 years as Ohio Farm Bureau lobbyist: "TMDLs aren't needed," keep voluntary measures.*
- Best Management Practices = Good money after bad
- WLEB CAFOs given \$17 million in public support between 2008-2015
- \$\$ needed to support sustainable farming
- Big political decision: who will pay to clean up Lake Erie?
 - Animal Factory owners?
 - Farmers using less commercial fertilizer?
 - Water and sewer ratepayers?

^{*} Toledo Blade 4/18/2018

We Can Win We've Done it Before!

- In the 1960's Lake Erie was considered a dead lake
- Concerned citizens rolled up their sleeves and went to work
 - Phosphorus was banned in laundry detergent
 - Sewage treatment plants were upgraded
- Lake Erie was brought back to health!
- This time the problem is manure
- The power of democracy can save Lake Erie again!



What You Can Do

- Support the Lake Erie Bill of Rights.
- Spread the word to friends, relatives, neighborhood groups, churches, unions
- Demand Animal Factories install sewage treatment plants. Get local government resolutions for a moratorium.
- Get active with ACLE! Join a committee. Donate.
- We are not going away until Lake Erie is healthy!







"Never doubt that a small group of thoughtful, committed citizens can change the world; indeed, it's the only thing that ever has." - (Margaret Mead)



Thank You!





When you're not born a cow at a dairy CAFO, what happens?

You might go to one of these veal factories, or get fattened up for meat, belts and shoes, or whacked right out of the box and dumped in the compost area. Cows get milked to death in two years...and our taxes subsidize the whole business. Bon apetit!



Your Tax Dollars At Work

Grand Lake St. Mary's



Celina Daily Standard 4-27-2018

OEPA/ODNR "proof" that distressed works

US National Library of Medicine National Institutes of Health

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/29415096

J Environ Qual. 2018 Jan; 47(1):113-120. doi: 10.2134/jeq2017.08.0338.

Changes in Water Quality of Grand Lake St. Marys Watershed Following Implementation of a Distressed Watershed Rules Package.

Jacquemin SJ, Johnson LT, Dirksen TA, McGlinch G.

Abstract

Grand Lake St. Marys watershed has drawn attention over the past decade as water quality issues resulting from nutrient loading have come to the forefront of public opinion, political concern, and scientific study. The objective of this study was to assess long-term changes in water quality (nutrient and sediment concentrations) following the distressed watershed rules package instituted in 2011. Since that time, a variety of rules (e.g., winter manure ban) and best management practices (cover crops, manure storage or transfers, buffers, etc.) have been implemented. We used a general linear model to assess variation in total suspended solids, particulate phosphorus, soluble reactive phosphorus (SRP), nitrate N, and total Kjeldahl nitrogen concentrations from daily Chickasaw Creek (drains ~25% of watershed) samples spanning 2008 to 2016.

Parameters were related to flow (higher values during high flows), timing (lower values during winter months), and the implementation of the distressed watershed rules package (lower values following implementation).

Overall, reductions following the distressed designation for all parameters ranged from 5 to 35% during medium and high flow periods (with exception of SRP).

Reductions were even more pronounced during winter months covered by the manure ban, where all parameters (including SRP) exhibited decreases at medium and high flows between 20 and 60%. While the reductions seen in this study are significant, concentrations are still highly elevated and continue to be a problem. We are optimistic that this study will serve to inform future management in the region and elsewhere.

Toxin levels GLSM

Algal Toxin Results from Lake Erie, Ohio State Park Beaches, and Public Water Supplies (2011 - Present)

(Last Updated	: 7/31/2014)	*= qualified data				
Date Sample	Sample Type	Water Body Type	Location	Toxin	Result	Unit
Collected	(Raw, Finished)	(Lake Erie, Inland Lake, Public Water System, River)				
7/30/2014	Finished	Public Water System	Celina, City of, Finished Water	Microcystins	< 0.30	ppb
7/30/2014	Raw	Inland Lake	Celina, City of, PWS Intake, Grand Lake St. Marys	Microcystins	49.8	ppb
7/29/2014	Raw	Inland Lake	Grand Lake St. Marys, State Park Camp Beach	Microcystins	64.4	ppb
7/29/2014	Raw	Inland Lake	Grand Lake St. Marys, State Park Main Beach East	Microcystins	74.4	ppb
7/29/2014	Raw	Inland Lake	Grand Lake St. Marys, State Park Main Beach West	Microcystins	75.6	ppb
7/29/2014	Raw	Inland Lake	Grand Lake St. Marys, Windy Point Beach	Microcystins	95.6	ppb
7/28/2014	Raw	Lake Erie	Lake Erie, Maumee Bay State Park Beach	Microcystins	19	ppb

Heidelberg Univ. Sampling Sites

Can show gross amounts but no accountability for sources



20016 USDA Environmental Quality Incentives Program

re_Rate

100

100

100

100

100

100

100

100

100

PR

PR

PR

PR

782.39

974.35

1380.6

5.79

10.08

0.21

0.99

28.42

18.89

Each

Each

Each

Foot

Foot

CuFt

CuFt

Foot

Foot

\$38,000

\$168,000

	200 10 03DA Environmental Quality incentives Program								
	(EQIP) Payment Schedule								
Practice_ Code	Cost_Share_ Program	Practice_Name	Component	Unit_Type	Unit_Cost	Cost_Type	Share_Rate		
128	EQIP	Agricultural Energy Management Plan - Written	AgEMP Small, One Enterprise	Number	1601.98	PR	100		
128	EQIP	Agricultural Energy Management Plan - Written	HU-AgEMP Small, One Enterprise	Number	1922.37	PR	100		
316	EQIP	Animal Mortality Facility	HU-Composter with Storage, Turkey	Lb/Day	207.57	PR	100		
316	EQIP	Animal Mortality Facility	Small Rotary Drum 270lbs. to 523lbs. of Daily Mortality with composter	Each	30090.98	PR	100		
102	EQIP	Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plan - Written	HU-Dairy Operation Greater Than or Equal to 300 AU and Less Than 700 AU with Land Application	Number	10929.46	PR	100		
102	EQIP	Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plan - Written	Dairy Operation Greater Than or Equal to 700 AU with Land Application	Number	10127.28	PR	100		
412	EQIP	Grassed Waterway	HU-GWW > 1,000ft long	Acre	1668.51	PR	100		
412	EQIP	Grassed Waterway	GWW with geotextile or stone checks	Acre	2085.57	PR	100		
327	EQIP	Conservation Cover	HU-Introduced Species	Acre	164.82	PR	100		
327	EQIP	Conservation Cover	Native Species	Acre	231.28	PR	100		
647	EQIP	Early Successional Habitat Development/Management	Habitat Selective Herbicide	Acre	35.27	PR	100		
595	EQIP	Integrated Pest Management (IPM)	HU-Advanced IPM Orchard All RCs	Acre	238.4	PR	100		

Advanced IPM S-Farm All RCs

HU-Lighting LED dusk to dawn lighting fixture

Lighting - LED high bay lighting fixtures

HU-Corrugated Plastic Pipe (CPP), Single-Wall, = 8 Inches

Corrugated Plastic Pipe (CPP), Twin-Wall, = 8 Inches

Earthen Storage Facility greater than 50K ft3 Storage

Earthen Storage Facility

High Water Table

HU-Plastic Casing for unconsolidated geologic sites with unstable rock formations

Steel casing for consolidated geologic sites with stable rock formations

595

670

670

606

606

313

313

642

642

EQIP

EQIP

EQIP

EQIP

EQIP

EQIP

EQIP

EQIP

EQIP

Integrated Pest Management (IPM)

Lighting System Improvement

Lighting System Improvement

Subsurface Drain

Subsurface Drain

Waste Storage Facility

Waste Storage Facility

Water Well

Water Well